## Schreiben des Herrn Professors Lassell an den Herausgeber. Liverpool 1848. April 8.

My dear Sir.

May I beg the favour of your inserting the annexed observations of *Mauvais* Comet in the Astronomische Nachrichten as early as is convenient to you. I have sent them somewhat in detail in order to enable your readers to judge what

measure of accuracy they are likely to possess. If however they would occupy more space than you can spare, it would be easy to abridge them and publish only the results.

W. Lassell.

Observations of the Comet of Mauvais (discovered July 4 1847) made with the 20foot Equatoreal, furnished with a Micrometer by Merz, in which the threads and not the field of view are illuminated. The powers used were 219 and 297. When last seen the Comet had become a faint object in my telescope, yet not so much so but that I think it very possible I may again see it after the retirement of the moon, if the sky be then favourable. The observations of the 19th March were obtained during the lunar eclipse. On the 31st

March a faint nebula whose approximate place is AR. 9<sup>h</sup>58<sup>m</sup>44<sup>s</sup> N.P.D. 74<sup>o</sup>53' was almost in the field at the same time as the Comet. I know not whether it has been previously observed, but as I estimated the Comet at about half its brightness, it may serve to convey a good idea of the light the Comet then had, to those who possess telescopes sufficiently powerful. The Comet appears to me to have a very minute stellar nucleus, surrounded by nebulosity.

1848 March 3. Approx. place of Star of Comparison. AR. 10h51m7°. N.P.D. 71°28'. 8th Magnitude (H.C. 21083)

1848 March 19. Approx. place of Comparison Star. AR. 10<sup>h</sup>16<sup>m</sup>15'. N.P.D. 73<sup>o</sup>14'. 10th mag. A star a magnitude greater & 4'0" North, follows in 3'5.

